SWR# 30952

DOCUMENTATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL INDICATOR DETERMINATION

Interim Final 2/5/99

RCRA Corrective Action Environmental Indicator (EI) RCRIS code (CA725)

Current Human Exposures Under Control

Facility	Name:	Gulf Chemical & Metallurgical Corporation	
Facility	Address:	302 Midway Road, Freeport, TX 77541	
Facility	EPA ID#:	<u>TXDO74195678</u>	
1.	surface water/	able relevant/significant information on known and reasonably suspected releases to soil /sediments, and air, subject to RCRA Corrective Action (e.g., from Solid Waste Manage gulated Units (RU), and Areas of Concern (AOC)), been considered in this EI determine	ement Units
	X	If yes - check here and continue with #2 below.	
		If no - re-evaluate existing data, or	
:		If data are not available skip to #6 and enter "IN" (more information needed) status	code.
		g reports were submitted to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ), on agency, and were utilized for this EI determination:	rits
٠	_	nental Resources Management Southwest (ERM- Southwest) February 11, 1999. <u>Phase</u> Investigation Report:	<u>III RCRA</u>
	_ ERM-Sou	uthwest. August 14, 2000. Addendum to the Phase III RCRA Facility Investigation Rep	<u>ort;</u>
	_ ERM-Sou	uthwest. March 13, 2001. Affected Property Assessment Report; and	•.
	_	uthwest. May 25, 2004. <u>Transmittal of Response to TCEO Comments and Replacement</u> <u>Property Assessment Report.</u>	Pages for the
		tilable data and information collected to date for the following SWMUs were utilized for ction evaluation following TRRP (30 TAC §350):	r RCRA
	_ Former C	Outfall No. 2 Drainage Ditch (SWMU A);	
	_ Active Ca	atalyst Storage Area (SWMU 05);	
	_ Pond No.	. 1 (SWMU 01); and	
	_ Pond No.	. 2 (SWMU 02).	

BACKGROUND.

Definition of Environmental Indicators (for the RCRA Corrective Action)

Environmental Indicators (EI) are measures being used by the RCRA Corrective Action program to go beyond programmatic activity measures (e.g., reports received and approved, etc.) to track changes in the quality of the environment. The two EI developed to-date indicate the quality of the environment in relation to current human exposures to contamination and the migration of contaminated groundwater. An EI for non-human (ecological) receptors is intended to be developed in the future.

Definition of "Current Human Exposures Under Control" EI

A positive "Current Human Exposures Under Control" EI determination ("YE" status code) indicates that there are no "unacceptable" human exposures to "contamination" (i.e., contaminants in concentrations in excess of appropriate risk-based levels) that can be reasonably expected under current land- and groundwater-use conditions (for all "contamination" subject to RCRA corrective action at or from the identified facility (i.e., site-wide)).

Relationship of EI to Final Remedies

While Final remedies remain the long-term objective of the RCRA Corrective Action program the EI are near-term objectives which are currently being used as Program measures for the Government Performance and Results Act of 1993, GPRA). The "Current Human Exposures Under Control" EI are for reasonably expected human exposures under current land- and groundwater-use conditions ONLY, and do not consider potential future land- or groundwater-use conditions or ecological receptors. The RCRA Corrective Action program's overall mission to protect human health and the environment requires that Final remedies address these issues (i.e., potential future human exposure scenarios, future land and groundwater uses, and ecological receptors).

Duration / Applicability of EI Determinations

EI Determinations status codes should remain in RCRIS national database ONLY as long as they remain true (i.e., RCRIS status codes must be changed when the regulatory authorities become aware of contrary information).

Current Human Exposures Under Control

Environmental Indicator (EI) RCRIS code (CA725)

2. Are groundwater, soil, surface water, sediments, or air **media** known or reasonably suspected to be **"contaminated"** above appropriately protective risk-based "levels" (applicable promulgated standards, as well as other appropriate standards, guidelines, guidance, or criteria) from releases subject to RCRA Corrective Action (from SWMUs, RUs or AOCs)?

Media	Yes	No	?	Rationale/Key Contaminants
Groundwater		X		No exceedances of applicable regulatory levels.
Air (indoors) ²		X		Exposure point concentrations are not likely to be elevated, as volatile constituents are not apparent beneath buildings.
Surface Soil (e.g., <2 ft)	X			Reported exceedance of Tier 1 Protective Concentration Levels (PCLs) in surface soil (promulgated under TRRP) include: Arsenic exceeded its residential (Res) PCL south of SWMU 01 and in an area near boring B-7 along SWMU A. Lead exceeded its Res and commercial/industrial (C/I) PCL (both values are the same) south of SWMU 01. Nickel exceeded Res PCL south of SWMU 01 and in an area near boring B-7 along SWMU A. Nickel exceeded its C/I PCL in an area near boring B-18 along SWMU 05. Molybdenum exceeded its Res PCL throughout the central portion of the facility. Molybdenum exceeded its C/I PCL in an area between borings B-15 and B-16 south of SWMU 01. Vanadium exceeded its Res PCL in several areas around the central portion of the facility near each SWMU. Vanadium exceeded its C/I PCL in an area near boring B-43 south of SWMU 01.
Surface Water		X	<u> </u>	None Present.
Sediment		X	+-	None Present.
Subsurface Soils (<2 ft.)	X	Α		Reported exceedance of Tier 1 PCLs in subsurface soil (promulgated under TRRP) include: Lead exceeded its Res and C/I PCL south of SWMU 01 and in an area near boring B-38.

		:			_ Molybdenum exceeded its Res PCL in two areas: south of SWMU 01 (B-38) and along SWMU A (B-17).
Air (outdoor)				X	
		appro	priate "le	vels" and	tip to #6, and enter "YE" status code after providing or citing referencing sufficient supporting documentation demonstrating of exceeded.
	<u>X</u>	"cont	aminated"	' medium that the m	continue after identifying key contaminants in each , citing appropriate "levels" (or provide an explanation for the nedium could pose an unacceptable risk), and referencing on.
		If unl	cnown (fo	ranv me	dia) - skip to #6 and enter "IN" status code.

Medium	SWMUs	Key Contaminants, Levels - Reported Concentrations, and Levels - Protective Concentration Levels (PCLs)
Surface Soil		APAR Worksheet 5.0 (March 13, 2001) Attachment 5B of the APAR addendum - Figures 5B-1 through 5B-4 (May 25, 2004) Attachment 5A of the APAR addendum - Tables 5A-1 and 5A-2 (May 25, 2004)
Subsurface Soil		APAR Worksheet 5.0 (March 13, 2001) Attachment 5C of the APAR addendum - Figure 5C-1 (May 25, 2004) Attachment 5A of the APAR addendum - Table 5A-3 (May 25, 2004)

Footnotes:

¹ "Contamination" and "contaminated" describes media containing contaminants (in any form, NAPL and/or dissolved, vapors, or solids, that are subject to RCRA) in concentrations in excess of appropriately protective risk-based "levels" (for the media, that identify risks within the acceptable risk range).

² Recent evidence (from the Colorado Dept. of Public Health and Environment, and others) suggest that unacceptable indoor air concentrations are more common in structures above groundwater with volatile contaminants than previously believed. This is a rapidly developing field and reviewers are encouraged to look to the latest guidance for the appropriate methods and scale of demonstration necessary to be reasonably certain that indoor air (in structures located above (and adjacent to) groundwater with volatile contaminants) does not present unacceptable risks.

3. Are there **complete pathways** between "contamination" and human receptors such that exposures can be reasonably expected under the current (land- and groundwater-use) conditions?

Summary Exposure Pathway Evaluation Table

	Potential Human Receptors (Under Current Conditions)								
"Contaminated" Media	Residents	Workers	Day- Care	Construction	Trespassers	Recreation	Food ³		
Groundwater									
Air (indoors)									
Soil (surface, e.g., <2 ft)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No		
Surface Water									
Sediment				,					
Soil (subsurface, e.g., >2				No			No		
<u>ft)</u>									
Air (outdoors)									

Instructions for Summary Exposure Pathway Evaluation Table:

- 1. Strike-out specific Media including Human Receptors' spaces for Media which are not "contaminated" as identified in #2 above.
- 2. Enter "yes" or "no" for potential "completeness" under each "contaminated" Media -- Human Receptor combination (Pathway).

Note: In order to focus the evaluation to the most probable combinations some potential "contaminated" Media - Human Receptor combinations (Pathways) do not have check spaces ("____"). While these combinations may not be probable in most situations they may be possible in some settings and should be added as necessary.

<u>X</u>	If no (pathways are not complete for any contaminated media-receptor combination) - skip to #6, and enter "YE" status code, after explaining and/or referencing condition(s) in place, whether natural or man-made, preventing a complete exposure pathway from each contaminated medium (e.g., use optional <u>Pathway Evaluation Work Sheet</u> to analyze major pathways).
	If yes (pathways are complete for any "contaminated" Media - Human Receptor combination) - continue after providing supporting explanation.
	If unknown (for any "contaminated" Media - Human Receptor combination) - skip to #6 and enter "IN" status code

Rationale and Reference(s):

There were no reported exceedances of Tier 1 PCLs for residential land use in surface soil along the north, east, and south property boundaries and to the west of the adjacent, off-site railroad right-of-way (which is also zoned as industrial land use).

- Exceedances of Tier 1 PCLs for commercial/industrial land use in surface soil were reported for nickel, molybdenum, and vanadium in several small locations within the operating areas where potential for exposure is controlled.
- The maximum reported concentrations of constituents in subsurface soil are below Tier 1 PCLs for commercial/industrial land use (on site) and for residential land use (off site).

Gulf Chemical & Metallurgical Corporation is an operating facility with health and safety procedures to reduce the potential for exposure to workers, so:

- No Residents are present
- _ No Day Care is present
- There is no direct or indirect food receptor (facility and adjacent property are not used for agricultural or food related activities).
 - Trespassers are controlled through security measures
- There is no recreation in surface soil near the SWMUs
- On-site and Construction Worker exposure to soil (surface and subsurface) is controlled because the following measures are required:
 - -- Safety training;
 - Personal Protective Equipment (PPE); and
 - Work permit.

³ Indirect Pathway/Receptor (e.g., vegetables, fruits, crops, meat and dairy products, fish, shellfish, etc.)

Can the exposures from any of the complete pathways identified in #3 be reasonably expected to be " significant " (i.e., potentially "unacceptable" because exposures can be reasonably expected to be: 1) greater in magnitude (intensity, frequency and/or duration) than assumed in the derivation of the acceptable "levels" (used to identify the "contamination"); or 2) the combination of exposure magnitude (perhaps even though low) and contaminant concentrations (which may be substantially above the acceptable "levels") could result in greater than acceptable risks)?							
N/A If no (exposures can not be reasonably expected to be significant (i.e., potentially "unacceptable") for any complete exposure pathway) - skip to #6 and enter "YE" status code after explaining and/or referencing documentation justifying why the exposures (from each of the complete pathways) to "contamination" (identified in #3) are not expected to be "significant".							
N/A If yes (exposures could be reasonably expected to be "significant" (i.e., potentially "unacceptable") for any complete exposure pathway) - continue after providing a description (of each potentially "unacceptable" exposure pathway) and explaining and/or referencing documentation justifying why the exposures (from each of the remaining complete pathways) to "contamination" (identified in #3) are not expected to be "significant".							
<u>N/A</u> If unknown (for any complete pathway) - skip to #6 and enter "IN" status code							
Rationale and Reference(s): N/A							

⁴ If there is any question on whether the identified exposures are "significant" (i.e., potentially "unacceptable") consult a human health Risk Assessment specialist with appropriate education, training and experience.

 <u>N/A</u>	If yes (all "significant" exposures have been shown to be within acceptable limits) - continue and enter "YE" after summarizing <u>and</u> referencing documentation justifying why all "significant" exposures to "contamination" are within acceptable limits (e.g., a site-specific Human Health Risk Assessment).
<u>N/A</u>	_If no (there are current exposures that can be reasonably expected to be "unacceptable")-continue and enter "NO" status code after providing a description of each potentially "unacceptable" exposure.
N/A	_If unknown (for any potentially "unacceptable" exposure) - continue and enter "IN" status code

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Final Note: The purpose of the Human Exposures EI is to qualitatively screen exposures based on current land and groundwater use. A "YE" determination does not constitute a screening tool that ends the corrective action process. The "YE" determination may be changed at any time as new information becomes available.

1	6.	(CA725), and ob	tain Supervisor (or appr		Exposures Under Control re and date on the EI deter p of the facility):					
		<u>x</u>	review of the informati Exposures" are expecte facility, EPA ID# <u>TXD</u> current and reasonably	ion contained in this EI D ed to be "Under Control" 074195678, located at <u>30</u>	Control" has been verified. etermination, "Current Hu at the Gulf Chemical & M. 2 Midway Road, Freeport, is determination will be rechanges at the facility.	man etallu Texa	rgical s unde	ET		
		· . ——	NO - "Current Human	n Exposures" are NOT "	Jnder Control".					
			IN - More information	on is needed to make a do	etermination.					
	·	Completed by		Counter Manager, TCEQ	Date: June 25, 2004					
		Supervisor	(signature) States (print) Cathy Re (title) Team II I	Remort Emmort Leader, TCEQ	29 Date: June 2004					
		Locations where	References may be foun	ıd:						
		TCEQ Central Re	ecords, Austin, Texas						<u> </u>	_
		Contact telephone	e and e-mail numbers	•		Fax #	Dept.:	Co.:	To:	Fax Ti
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i c	and and	d groundwater us ve action process	se. A "YE" determinat	ures EI is to qualitativel tion does not constitute tion may be changed at	a screening tool that	Fax #	Phone #	Co.:	From:	0 # of Pages
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